

Becoming a World Power

Name: _____

Section 3, Activity 6

World War I: Causes and Effects

Look and listen for the answers to the questions below as you view this audiovisual presentation.

1. Until the beginning of the 20th century wars were conflicts waged by _____ country against _____ over an issue concerning _____.
2. World War I was fought by _____ nations, devastated vast areas of an entire _____, and left _____ dead and _____.
3. Before World War I, _____, _____, and _____ were united against _____ - _____, _____, _____, and _____.
4. The murder of one man – Archduke _____ – caused the entire _____ caused the entire continent of _____ to explode into _____.
5. World War I was actually fought on _____. On the _____ front, Germany battled _____ and _____. On the _____ front, Germany attempted to conquer _____ and its _____.
6. _____ became the most characteristic feature of the war.
7. Weapons of the War:
 - a. The _____ was first used by the Germans in 1916.
 - b. The Germans also introduced the use of _____ into the war.
 - c. The first _____ – huge _____ vehicles with heavy _____ - were built by the British.
 - d. _____ were used by Germany to bomb London.
 - e. For the first time, _____ were used in war.
 - f. _____ were used to sink enemy ships.

Peanuts



8. The British _____ of German ports discouraged _____ countries from trading with Germany.
9. The American _____ was “booming” as a result of the sale of _____, _____ and _____ materials to the _____. Germany decided to use its _____ to stop this trade. The tide of American _____ began to turn against Germany.
10. On April 6, _____, the U.S. declared war on _____ and her _____.
11. America’s entry into the war provided badly needed _____ and boosted _____.
12. Wilson’s plan for peace was called the _____. It did not include any harsh _____ for Germany.
13. On November 11, 1918, an _____ was signed. This was the _____ of World War I.
14. Germany was stripped of all her _____, and her _____ were drastically reduced. Germany was forced to pay _____ to the Allied nations. The terms of the treaty were _____. Germany thought they were _____ and _____.
15. The treaty changed the _____ of Europe. _____ new countries were created. It also created the _____ – whose purpose was to resolve conflict _____ and help _____ another war.
16. Woodrow _____ signed the treaty for the U.S., but the U.S. Senate later refused to _____ the treaty.
17. The _____ had “sown the seeds” of resentment that would cause German outrage to surface again. Before long, German _____ led to the formation of the _____ party and the rise to power of Adolph _____. It was said that the Allies “_____ the _____, but _____ the _____.”