

1. Industrialization means _____
2. Factors that helped U.S. industries grow:
 - plentiful _____ which included
 - immense _____ and large supplies of _____
 - mineral wealth such as _____, _____, _____, _____ and _____
 - improved _____
 - growing _____
 - high _____
 - new _____
 - _____ (money)
3. The pattern of "ups" and "downs" in the American economy is known as the _____. A period of very low economic activity is known as a _____.
4. What does the word *technique* mean?

What new technique helped make steel production the "backbone" of American industrial growth?

5. Use information on pp. 587-589 to complete the chart below.

Name	Invention
	practical electric light; system to deliver electricity to homes and buildings
	telephone
	typewriter
	sewing machine
	<i>improved</i> sewing machine

6. Railroads _____ the nation together, _____ industrial growth and _____ U.S. life.
7. The growth of railroads led to a change from _____ time to _____ time. The U.S. was divided into four _____.
8. Railroads helped create modern America by:
 - _____ the economies of the East and the West,

- helping people _____ the West,
 - _____ Native American hold on the West, and
 - giving people more control of the _____.
9. A _____ is a business owned by many _____ (people who buy *shares* of the company). The shares are known as _____.
10. In the late 1800's few laws _____ corporations.
11. Circle the correct industry in the following sentences.
- John D. Rockefeller gained control of the oil / steel industry.
 - Andrew Carnegie gained control of the oil / steel industry.
12. What is a **monopoly**?
13. A trust controls an industry by controlling the _____ of many _____ in that industry.
14. _____ are people who give large amounts of money to charities.
15. When something is "gilded" it is covered with a thin layer of _____. The late 1800's is sometimes called the "Gilded Age" because the _____ of a few people masked society's problems, including _____ politics and widespread _____.
16. To keep _____ high, business owners ran their factories as _____ as possible.
17. In a _____ workers labored long _____ under poor _____ for low _____.
18. Discontented workers formed _____; groups of _____ that _____ with business _____ to get better _____ and working _____.
19. In a socialist economic system, all members of _____ are equal _____ of all businesses; they share the _____ and the _____.
20. _____ are people who want to abolish all governments.
21. Samuel _____ helped start the _____ of _____. The AFL used _____, _____ and _____ to win shorter _____ and better _____ for its members.
22. _____ helped change the way all Americans worked.